FORTY-FOURTH YEAR.

Bogus Medical Mills That Have Flooded the Country With Sheepskins.

TURNING OUT GRADUATES

Authorized to Commit Murder and Charge a Fee for It.

GREAT WEALTH MADE BY THE SCHEMERS

Two More Bogus Medical Colleges Exposed-Evidence Agninst the Promoters Conclusive-Diplomus Sold by Them for \$60 to \$300-Anybody Could Become a Doctor - The Alleged Universities Located in Half a Dozen States-Copies of Letters That Passed Between a Gentleman and the Heads of the Fake Colleges-How the Doctor Manufacturers Were Trapped.

Bogus medical colleges in half a dozen States have been selling diplomas at cheap rates to anyone who had the money to pay for them. The scheme was laid bear in an ingenious way.

PETECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE-1 Boston September 29.-Two more bogus diploma mills which have been flooding the country with sheepskins certifying, for the sum of \$60 or more, that the owners have completed a thorough course of study in medicine, and are qualified to practice as physicians, are exposed to-day. The projectors of the scheme have apparently grown rich at the expense of the public life and health. As the evidence against them is of the most conclusive nature, there is every probability that they will be put where they cannot endanger the public welfare for some time to

SHEEPSKINS VERY CHEAP, Investigation has revealed the fact that bogus medical diplomas can be purchased for prices ranging from \$60 to \$300 in New Hampshire, Vermont, New York, New Jersey, Ohio and Canada. Three years ago a medical diploma mill was unearthed in

men engaged in the present scheme received their training in that institution. The first intimation of their operations came from Buffalo, last spring, A man

Augusta, Me., and it is believed that the

whose shingle advertised him as an "M,D," applied for admission to the association of physicians in that city. The only credential he could show was a diploma bearing the seal of "Trinity University of Vermont. None of the older members of the Association had ever heard of such an institution, INQUIRY WAS MADE

as to its standing. The result was a surprise. The institution was found to be a regularly incorporated body, but it existed only on paper. Under the laws of Vermont any association whose avowed purpose it is to disseminate knowledge may be ormed without making any record of the organization at the office of the Secretary of the State. All that is necessary to equip one of these institutions is to make application to any town clerk for articles of incorporation and they are granted forthwith. The record never gets beyond his office.

It was thus that the "Trinity University" sprang into existence. Application for articles of incorporation were filed with the town clerk in Bennington, and the Secretary of the State knew nothing of the University's existence.

GRADUATES BY THE SCORE. Since March 29, 1889, the "University" has been in full operation, turning out "graduates" by the score at \$60 a head. The sheepskins are all dated at Bennington, but as a matter of fact they are issued from Boston, Lowell or Nashun, N. H.

After obtaining the articles of incorpora tion the schemers flooded the country with the circulars, and that they have done a rushing business is shown by the enormous mail which came to them every week. The circular announces the following "Requirements for Admission:"

Students desiring to be admitted to this Uni-

versity must give evidence of good moral char-acter by presenting to the faculty a certificate of the same from some reputable clergyman or physician. They must also have a s flicient wledge of the fundamental branches of education to enable them to profitably pursue the study of medicine. Those who have received

A COLLEGIATE DEGREE

or who have passed the matriculation examine tion of a recognized college or university, or who have a certificate covering the required subjects from a recognized normal or high school or other institutions, may enter without examination. Candidates not presenting such evidence of preliminary qualifications will be required to pass an examination in the branches of a good English education, including mathematics, English composition and centary physics or natural philosophy and

Here are the "requirements for gradua-

The candidate for the degree of Doctor of Medicine must be 21 years of age, and of good moral character, and comply with the matriculation requirements. He must have been enof four years; during that time he must have To Jerry Sullivan, Syracuse, N. Y.: attended three courses of lectures, of six months each, in this or some other college or university, the last being at this university, He must have attended the practice of a general hospital or dispensary for 18 months, and had charge of at least six cases of accouchement. He must present

AN ORIGINAL THESIS, to his own handwriting at least 30 days befor graduation, to the Dean of the faculty. He must pass a satisfactory examination before the faculty and the Board of Examiners in all the branches of medical study.

One of these circulars tell into the hands of Alan H. G. Hardwicke, of Buffale, and be determined to test the legal standing of the so-called "University." Mr. Hardwicke is an iron and brass founder, and has never spent an hour in the study of medicine, yet he received a deploma which certified that he was qualified to practice as a physician. He paid \$60 for the sheepskin, and then turned it over to the police as evidence

against the swindlers. A history of the methods employed in getting this diploma will serve as an ex-Hardwicke has a brother who stands high are equally filmsy.

in the medical profession, and the latter suspected that the circular was designed as a "feeler." At his instigation Mr. Hardwicke wrote to "Dr. Bradbury," and received in reply this letter:

A DEAD GIVE AWAY. 54 PEARL STREET, NASHUA, N. H., April 12, 1889.

. H. G. Hardwicke, Buffalo, N. Y.: DEAR SIR-Your letter of the 9th instant at hand. Pleased to hear from you. I esteem your Dr. W. W. H., of Essex, England, very bighly. We can get you a much better article than the Bellevue. We can get you an article from a college in Ohio for \$150 dated 1880, or one from a University in one of the New England States for \$60. The latter will be dated the coming May. Your brother has ordered one of the latter. I inclose circular. All business must be done with me, not sent to the University. I should like very much to see you. Wish you could come this way, and when here get your article. You should send thesis, and also pass some kind of an examination, so you can swear in court of law it was granted after due examination. Send money by express. My name is in full, Henry Freeland Bradbury. In writing on these topics I generally use my middle name. Your brother, however, knows my full name. I would be pleased to hear from you by return post. I trust everything will be confidential. I am, faithfully, Dk. Bradbury.

P. S.—I will not send the circular of the University referred to. highly. We can get you a much better article

NO ATTEMPT AT CONCEALMENT. This letter shows, without any attempt at oncealment, the unlawful character of the business under consideration. It intimates that a similar work is being carried on in Ohio. The next letter was dated April 22, In it "Dr. Bradbury" wrote:

Thesis may be on the treatment of "Chronic Thesis may be on the treatment of "Chronic Bright's Disease." Your name goes on the books, and all inquiries will be answered. If you wish the article by the list of May, you had better forward the cash at once. It generally takes about ten days to get them, there is so much red tape to it. All business must be done with me, not with the Trintty or its officers. They will not answer your letters at present, for the very reason that such answers would give them away. They cannot let anybody know they do this. Everything will be all right if you do the this. Everything will be all right if you do the business with me. You write your thesis any time within 30 days. If you write a good thesis we will pass you on the examination. In another letter "Bradbury" again says he can obtain for Mr. Hardwicke the de-

sired diploma for \$60, but intimates that it MUST BE TAKEN AT ONCE. But Mr. Hardwicke did not take it then. He had carried the matter as far as he dared without assistance, and he wanted witnesses to the final transactions. He wrote "Dr." Bradbury that he was ready to bring the ne-

tomary in this business. However, if you give me your word as a gentleman that you will take the article from the expressman just as soon as it gets to Buffalo, without any delay or exposure, I will send it. If you mean what you say, let me hear from you at once.

On August 27 the diploma was shipped, as the following letter states:

We have shipped to you this morning, goods, C. O. D., \$60, per agreement. We sent by the name of E. L. Needham, as we did not wish to put our name on the express. Please take it as soon as arrived.

A GOOD LOOKER. The diploma arrived, and Mr. Hardwicke paid \$60 for it. It was in Latin, and not unlike the diplomas of the regular schools. Investigating the "Trinity University," a similar institution, under the management of the same men, discovered in New Hampshire, it was found to have been incorpor ated in the same way as was the Trinity University, and applicants for bogus diple mas got them as soon as they paid the cash. The bogus diplomas were printed somewhere in New York, and the circulars were struck off at a small printing office in Low-ell. The plate from which the fraudulent sheepkins were printed has not yet been

ALL IN HARMONY.

Cleveland and Hill New Yorkers Ready to Lie Down Pencefully Together-Probable Composition of the Coming State Ticket.

PEPECTAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR I SYRACUSE, N. Y., September 29 .- Every preparation has been made for the grand rush of the Democrats to this Republican city to-morrow. There is to be no discord upon the business to be transacted. The differences between those who favor Cleveland and those who favor Hill for Presidental candidates are buried, as far as the coming fight is concerned, and both wings are to share in the formation of the ticket

and its subsequent triumph.

So far as the ticket is agreed upon, it is the product of harmonious discussion among the leaders from every section of the State. The candidates for nearly all the places are the choice of nearly all who have discussed the ticket. Judge Frank Rice, of Ontario, who is practically agreed on to head the ticket, is a Cleveland man. For Controller and Attorney General, the present incubents seem certain of renomination. The Controller is Edward Wemple, of Montgomery; the Attorney General is Charles F. Tabor,

Elliott Danforth, the present Deputy Treasurer, is said to be the choice of Gov-ernor Hill for the State Treasurership. Ex-Public Printer Benedict has pulled out, The candidates who remain are John B. Reilly, of Plattsburgh, who is spoken of as Smith Weed's man, W. A. Beach, a Cleveland man. For Court of Appeals, Denis O'Brien, of Jefferson county, is the favorite. It is said that the resolutions thus far tacitly agreed on by most of the leaders will reaffirm the St. Louis platform of 1888, especially with regard to the party position on the tariff.

JOHN L'S GOOD DEMOCRACY.

The Champion Gracefully Gives Way to

State Convention. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH 1 SYRACUSE, N. Y., September 29 .- John L. Sullivan has sent a very characteristic letter to the sporting men of Syracuse, cancelling his engagement to appear in the Alhambra Rick Monday night. That is where the Democratic convention is to be held during the next day, and Sullivan appears to think either that two attractions conflict with one another, or that he may not get through his windup in time for the holding of the convention. His letter is as

New York, September 27, 1889. YANK-Cancel my date of September 30 at Alhambra Rick, as I do not want to occupy the hall previous to the Democratic convention. This is by request of friends, and make it right after and as soon as you can. I will pay all expenses that have been in-curred, and Burnett will explain all to you later. John L Sullivan. The "big fellow" is to open here on next

MILLIONAIRE SNELL'S MURDER

An Attempt to Prove Taxcott Not Gallty of

CHICAGO, September 29 .- Three brand new Tascott stories made their appearance to-day. They all purport to solve the mystery of Millionaire Snell's murder, but agree only in conveying the impression that Tas cott was not the real criminal. The most important of the three narratives quotes as authority an alleged well-known lawyer, whose name is withheld. He says he was consulted professionally the day after the murder by one of the two men who did the killing, James Gillan, an ex-convict, now dead.

The only trouble with the solution was getting this diploma will serve as an ex-ample of the operations of the gang. Mr. that the convict was under lock and key at the time of the murder. The other stories

CRIME LET LOOSE.

Berks and Lancaster-A Long List of Barn Burnings and Rob-

pects Arrested. BIRDSBORO, September 29.-Incendia ism, combined with burglary, has broken loose in the lower part of Berks and in Lancaster county. A few nights ago a public building at Wrightsville and five barns were set on fire, almost simultaneously, and destroyed. On Tuesday night the farm- BOUND OVER IN THE SUM OF \$25,000. house of Allen Correll, near Barnesville, was likewise burned. The Boas Lumber Yards have been repeatedly set on fire of late by the incendiaries. In the same interval burglars have entered and robbed the Philadelphia and Reading depot at Douglassville, have ransacked the postoffice and residences of H. H. Lord and Isaac Amole, at the same place, plundered the house and barn of Benedict Stengel, near Niantic, and cleaned out the residence of

Lewis Turner, at Monocacy.

The methods of the desperadoes, who are believed to number at least a score, were revealed in an attempt to burn property in this town. Shortly before midnigh the miscreants were discovered operating in J. H. Prutzman's store, on Main street. They immediately fled, leaving behind them their plunder and the inflammable materials with which they had intended hypning the hilding burning the building in order to concent the robbery. A demijohn of coal oil, some candles and a heap of shavings were found left in an upper room, and the floor was thoroughly saturated with the oil.

Several arrests have been made, but all the suspects have been released except James Fiester and Herman Dersh.

WISE MEN IN THE EAST.

The Crawford County Political London Meet in Philadelphia.

INTECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR I PHILADELPHIA, September 29 .- Chairman Andrews, of the Republican State Committee, arrived at the Continental Hotel this evening, fresh from the West, where he has been looking after the party organization. "The organization of our party is in first-class condition," said the contations to a close. The latter to date of August 18:

Your letter was received and answered at once. As I have not received any reply, I suppose you are waiting for me to comply with your request, namely, to send the goods C. O. D. This is something I never did, and it is not customary in this business. However, if you give me your word as a gentleman that you will take me your word as a gentleman that you will take when the presentations take place, it will keep me busy here in order to keep up with the work. Everything is going smoothly. The talk about the fight Chairman. "I will be here for some time going smoothly. The talk about the fight for the nomination for Governor is the veriest nonsense, as the Republicans generally recognize that we have to get through with the fight for State Treasurer before be-

ginning next year's fight." Senator Delamater, who is at the Lafay ette with some members of his family, called on Chairman Andrews, and the two remained in conversation for some time, Senator Delamater will run over to New

AS OLD AS CHEISTIANITY.

The First Armenian Church Service Ever Held in American.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, September 29 .- The first service according to the rites of the Armenian Church ever held in this city was cele-Bishop Potter, in Grace Chapel, After the service the first Armenian baby ever baptised in this city was made the recipient of the first of the sacraments, according to a ritual which is nearly or quite as old as Christianity, and in a language which is presumably as old as the ritual. The celebrant was the Rev. Dr. Saragian, who has been sent to this country by the Armenians Patriarch of Constantinople to look after the interests of the several thousand

Armenians here.
The services consisted principally of singing or chanting. Scarcely any of the liturgy was spoken. As in the Greek church, no instrument aided the voices. During the entire service a censor, swung by one of the deacons, filled the church with its perfume, while the accents of the ancient tongue were chanted in its mystic melody.

IN DANGER OF DISRUPTION.

Serious Trouble Among the Members of

the Governor's Troop. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. HARRISBURG, September 29 .- The Gov. ernor's troop, organized in this city about a year ago, is in danger of disintegration, owing to the dissatis action created by Captain Perkins in dismissing his First Lieutenant for alleged disobedience of orders. Forty-one members of the cavalry company requested the Captain's resignation a short time since, and he as discharged 15 of the men who asked him to resign, it is alleged in retaliation for their course.

A committee of these members of the troop visited General Gobin and requested his interference in their behalf, and he promised them a full examination into their grievance by the proper military authori-

FROM THE PACIFIC COAST

The Knights Templar Are Coming to Attend the Conclave. SAN FRANCISCO, September 29 .- The Knights Templar commanderies of Oakland, Los Angeles and Fresno left this evening by special train for Washington to attend the triennial conclave. The party will reach Chicago Saturday morning, and Washington on Monday. The Golden Gate and Sacramento commandreles leave to-morrow morning and will arrive in

Washington Sunday.

The California Commandery leaves Tues day by the same route as the Golden Gate Commandery, and will arrive in Chicago Saturday, reaching Washington one day

SAD FATE OF TWO BOYS.

The Careless Handling of Giant Powder Responsible for Their Denth. HELENA, MONT., September 29 .- Albert Nelson and Harry Walton, aged 10 and 12 respectively, living at Elkhorn, a few miles

from Helena, found some giant powder yesterday carelessly left by miners. The boys commenced to experiment with it, when an explosion occurred, killing both. A Coroner's jury is investigating the matter, and as the miners at the camp are matter, and as the miners at the camp are greatly enraged over the affair, the boys and their parents being great favorites, if the man is found whose carelessness was the cause of the accident he will suffer

severely. A DEMOCRAT SLIPS IN. ecretary Noble Doesn't Care What a Good

Fellow's Politics Are. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, September 29 .- General B. M. Prentiss, appointed postmaster at Bethany, Mo., is a Democrat. He owes his appointment to Secretary Noble, to whom he applied last spring for a place. Noble speaks of him as a splendid fellow and tian Temperance Union, was celebrated last fine soldier, and adds that he does not in night by a huge gathering in the First such a case care what a man's politics are.

Methodist church, Evanston. Messages of General Prentiss' entire command, with himself at its head, was captured at the bat-tle of Shiloh, and there has been much controversy over the fact.

NO SPARE GRIEF.

SEPTEMBER

An Embezzling Ohio Bank Cashier Who Didn't Join the Colony.

PENNSYLVANIA WAS GOOD ENOUGH

PITTSBURG. MONDAY.

NO CANADA IN HIS.

But His Lawyer Induces Him to Come Home and Give Himself Up.

He is Totally Broken Down and All His Nervis Are Unstrung.

A defaulting Ohio bank cashier gave himself up to the United States authorities yes terday at Columbus. He was placed under \$25,000 bail, which he couldn't procure, and was jailed. He has been in hiding in Pennsylvania for four weeks.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR! COLUMBUS, O., September 29.-Robert P. Halliday, the defaulting cashier of the First National Bank of Mount Gilead, O., gave himself up to the United States anthorities in this city to-day, and this evening had a hearing before Commissioner Haggerty, who fixed the bond at \$25,000, which the defendant was unable to give. He was taken to Mount Gilead to-night, where he will be placed in jail to await the effort of his friends to secure bond.

Halliday arrived in the city at 3 o'clock this morning and registered at a hotel in his proper name. He was accompanied by his attorney, Mr. Simms, of Mount Gilead. As soon as he had eaten breakfast he started out with his attorney to find the authorities, in order to give himself up, but did not suc ceed in doing so until late in the day.

THE CHARGE AGAINST HIM. The affidavit on which Halliday is to I tried was made by Bank Examiner J. J.
Sullivan, and charges him with appropriating \$36,000 of the bank's money. He
made a showing, however, to the effect that he had turned over all his property, con-sisting of stocks and an interest in a building, until the total amount embezzled is cut down to \$16,000. Halliday's attorney stated to the commissioner that the total loss to the bank would not be more than \$10,000.

bank would not be more than \$10,000.

Mr. Halliday is totally broken down and was a pitiable sight as he stood before the Commissioner, and frequently burst out weeping. He has been for some time try-ing to get his courage up to the point of giving himself up to the authorities, but could not stand the disgrace until his attor-

HE GAVE HIMSELF UP of his own accord. He came from Pennsylvania to Marengo, O., from where he went to his home in Mt. Gilead and remained two days, and then went out in the country and stayed one day, hiding in a strawstack. His attorney found him in hiding and per-

suaded him to come here.

When he went to Pennsylvania, Halliday states, he had less than \$50, which was given him by his wife and son, and that it now has none of the money of the bank. He desired the question asked whether any of the other directors of the bank speculated in grain in New York, through Porter; whether they have ever speculate in town lots in Findlay, Fostoria or Kansas City, saying that they secured their money from the bank on which to do the speculating. He claims that if the directors had done their duty he would not be where he is, and claims that they did not investigate their business as they should.

It is understood that Halliday lost the most of his money in a New York lumber deal, and some through unfortunate friends

and habits. SALVINI'S FAREWELL TOUR. The Great Tragedian Arrives for His Last

Appearance in America.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH Salvini, the Italian tragedian, who has come to make his fifth and farewell appearcity, beginning October 10, and will afterward play in Boston, Chicago, Denver, and perhaps San Francisco, and also in the principal intervening cities. He is to appear in "Samson," a play originally written for him; "Othello" and "The Gladiator." He appeared in the first at his Gladiator." He appeared in the first at his first visit to this country, when he was accompanied by an Italian company, but this time his support will play in English in a version by W. D. Howells. Miss May Brooklyn will be Delilah. She will also play Desdemona, while John Malone plays lago. Miss Virginia Buchanan is also in

The tragedian is now 59, and speaks of himself, in the little English he knows, as an "old man," but he looks nothing like

his age. He was last here in 1886. A DISCARDED LOVER'S WRATH.

He Shoots His Former Sweetheart While

She Was Walking With a Rival. BALTIMORE, September 29 .- John Friese a car conductor, to-day shot and fatally wounded Miss Georgia V. Stone, who worked at the Mt. Vernon cotton mills. He was her discarded lover. Some time ago Friese came to her house drunk. She refused to see him and returned him all his presents. This afternoon, while walking with George Moore, son of the mill superintendent, she noticed Friese sitting on a ence with some of his companions.

He demanded to know if she intended having anything further to do with him, and her negative response brought a pistol shot through the right breast and another in the corner of her eye. Friese has

LAUGHED HIMSELF TO DEATH.

A Chiengo Politician Killed by a Funny Squib in the Paper. CHICAGO, September 29 .- Colonel Wiley S. Scribner, Recorder of Cook county, a local politician of note, laughed himself to death this morning. He was telling a visitor about a reference to Congressman Mason he had just been reading in the papers. "That's just like Billy," he said, and com-

menced laughing at the joke. The exertion ruptured an artery of the heart, which had been diseased for the past few years, and in five minutes Colonel Scribner was dead.

HER AGE IS NO SECRET. Miss Frances Willard Celebrates Her Fiftleth Birthday in Style.

CHICAGO, September 29.-The fiftieth birthday of Miss Frances E. Willard. President of the National Woman's Chrisnight by a huge gathering in the First Methodist church, Evanston. Messages of congratulation were read from notables throughout the country, including the poet Whittier and ex-President Rutherford B.

Injured at Palatine Bridge-Condition of the Patients-Fanerals of the

30.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. CANAJOHARIE, N. Y., September 29.— The condition of Mrs. William H. Man ning, who was injured at the frightful wreck on the Central Railroad at Palatine bridge, Friday night, and who is at the Hotel Wagner, is much improved. Since the arrival of her mother, Mrs. Davis, she has gradually brightened, and now her complete recovery seems highly probable. The mother broke the news of the death of her husband and maid to the unfortunate lady last night, and she received it with compos ure, saying she had surmised as much from the guarded way the attendants had spoken of them. In her deplorable condition she had no spare grief, and tries to keep up spirit. Her mother says she always was a sensible girl, and could withstand trials with great Christian fortitude.

The remains of Mr. Manning were sent to Albany to-day. His father will arrive from Marquette, Mich., to-morrow night, when the plate of burial will be decided. The remains of Rev. Prentiss Devuye were sent to Datton, Ohio, this morning in company of a friend of the family. Porter Franklin's remains will be interred to-morrow. Miss remains will be interred to-morrow. Miss Tatt, of Fredonia, who is also at the Hotel Wagner, is still in a dangerous condition. Hes family physician has arrived. She suffirs much from hemorrhages and from the injuries to her jaw and back. William Mclroy, of New York, passed a quiet day, and seems more sore than yesterday. He is, however, out of danger. His partner, R. A. Fovler, and friend, H. I. Lewis, returned to New York to-day on the flyer.

The accident has been the one subject in the rillage to-day, and the pastors all referred to the accident and spoke feelingly about the afflicted.

HANGING NOT A JOKE.

How a Miner Discovered That Strangola tion is a Fact.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. DENVER, September 29 .- A miner employed in one of the mines at Leadville is in Denver, undergoing peculiar treatment at one of the hospitals. Several weeks ago three miners, while eating their morning lunth, discussed various topics. In the course of the talk death by strangulation came up, and one of the men, Frank Leshey, expressed the opinion that by the exercise of a little judgment and nerve a mar could sustain life for a considerable time, even when suspended by the neck. To schallenge to illustrate his theory in his could not stand the disgrace until his atterney succeeded in demonstrating to him that it was the best thing he could do. On leaving Mt. Gilead, about four weeks ago, he went to Reedsville, Mifflin county, Pa., where he remained. He says he never had any idea of going to Canada, and wishes it distinctly understood that

air.

A few seconds afterward Leahey became painfully aware that he was sacrificing his life to an idiotic theory. The rope contracted, the blood in its passage filled his head almost to bursting, his eyes protruded from the sockets, his swollen tongue began to make its way between his lips, and then be became unconscious. His friends, having no faith in the experiment, let him down with alacrity. At first it was thought that the young man was dead, but after an hour's

AN IMPORTANT PROJECT.

A Railrond Line to Connect Hude With the Lakes.

SAULT STE, MARIE, MICH., September 29.-Canadian and American capitalists have applied to the Canadian Parliament for a charter for a railroad from the Canadian Soo to Hudson Bay. Recent discoveries of coal have been made on the Moose river, about 260 miles north of the Zoo, by the stipendiary magistrate of that district. and some of it has been brought down for examination, creating no little interest in that unfamiliar land, and exciting considerable comment. The road will be 370 miles in length and will cross the main line NEW YORK, September 29.—Among the of the Canadian Pacific 10 miles due north passengers on the French steamship La of the Soo. The country is said to be rich

Bretagne, which arrived to-day, was Signor

The idea of the men interested is to open up this country and to build to Hudson come to make his fifth and farewell appear-ance in this country. He is to make 14 route through the Hudson Strait. The dis-appearances at Palmer's Theater, in this of route from Winnipeg. The Dominion Government will be asked for aid and a surveying party will start out from here January 1, under the direction of Joseph Fozens, a well-known Canadian enginee The line will give the Canadian Pacific a cut-off to the water.

> ALL WITH AXES TO GRIND. Mysterious Movements of Politicians in and

PERCHAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR.

Around Harrisburg

HARRISBURG, September 29 .- J. H. Anfrews, Frank Willing Leach, Senator Quay's Private Secretary; the latter's son, Richard Quay, and James S. McKean, the junior Senator's choice for Postmaster at Pittsburg, arrived here at a late hour last night. McKean's movements were very mysterious, but he is said to have obtained an interview with Senator Cameron, at Lochiel, relative to his candidacy for the Pittsburg postmastership, and to have requested the Senator's influence in having him appointed. Senator Cameron was also visited by other politicians to-day, who had political axes to grind. The Senator had a conference with Quay at Donegal, lasting sev-eral days, concerning political appoint-ments, and on Saturday they had the lim-ited train West stopped at Middletown. Senator Cameron went no further than

MARIE BLAINE WANTS A DIVORCE. Determined That Her Husband Shall Not Have Their Child.

this city, and Senator Quay continued his trip to Beaver. McKean, Andrews, young Quay and Leach left here this afternoon.

PRECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, September 29.-General Martin T. McMahon, counsel for Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., said to-day that as soon as Mrs. Blaine recovers from her severe illness proceedings will be begun against her husband for divorce. It has not yet been determined whether the suit will be for an absolute or limited divorce. It is reported that just before her removal from Prof. Doremus' house she asked that, in case her sickness had a fatal termination.

BOULANGIST MOVEMENTS.

much easier to-day.

The General's Friends Are Still Showing Some Signs of Life. PARIS, September 29 .- As the result his visit to the Comte de Paris at Sheen House, M. Herve has retired from the election contest in his district in favor of the

A letter from General Boulanger is published in Boulogne, in which the General asks his supporters in that city to transfer their votes to the Conservative candidate.

A LONG TIME COMING.

After Thirty-Five Years of Interesting Diplomatic Dealings

A SETTLEMENT SEEMS IN SIGHT.

Half a Million Dotlars Wanted From the

Danish Government. THE CLAIM GROWS WITH THE YEARS.

An Arbitrator Appointed Who is Expected Soon to Settle the Case.

After 35 years a noted international claim s about to be adjudicated. An arbitrato is expected soon, at Athens, to give a decision in a case which three Secretaries of State failed to have settled.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) WASHINGTON, September 29.-A noted international claim which has been pending for 35 years, and which has been the subject of a deal of interesting diplomatic cor-respondence, will soon be settled by the decision of an arbitrator, mainly through the efforts of Washington lawyers, who have for some time been counsel for the claimant, and a few days ago were appointed special counsel for the United States to present the case before the arbitrator.

In 1854 the Danish authorities at the island of St. Thomas, seized and held for several months two American vessels, the steamer General Franklin and the barque Catherine Augusta, upon the pretext that they were laden with arms to aid a revolution in the Argentine Republic. The officers showed that the arms and vessels were destined for Mexico, had been sold to the Mexican Government, and that the vessels had put into port at St. Thomas on account of rough weather. There was

NO REVOLUTION BREWING in the South American States at that time

and this rendered the charge of the Danish officials additionally absurd. After a time the Franklin was liberated, After a time the Franklin was liberated, and, pending the release of the Augusta, was chartered temporarily by the British Government to carry the mail between St. Thomas and the Windward Islands. As she was departing on her first trip she was fired into by the order of Major Castonniere, commandant at Prince Frederic battery, and two shots penetrated her hull, doing considerable damage and endangering the lives of many passengers. For this the commandant was tried by court martial and dismissed from the service, and this was the only redress ever received by the owner of the vessel. Carlos Butterfield, of New York, the owner, and a gentleman quite noted in his day, made a demand for indemnity, but the claim was

PERSISTENTLY REPUDIATED the Danish Government. When the vessels were finally released they were sold for only \$250,000 to the Mexican Govern-ment, on account of the delay in delivering the arms and the injury done to them, while \$500,000 was the price originally agreed upon. Secretaries Cass, Seward and Fish, of the Department of State, all wrote offi-cially to the Danish Government, release. cially to the Danish Government, reiterating the justice of the claim, but could never get a favorable response. Butterfield died,

the claim passed to his hell demand and \$500,000 to cover the original demand and the interest. The case was put in the hands of Wash ington lawyers, who urged Mr. Anderson United States Minister at Copenhagen,

TARDY JUSTICE. nd through influence of the counsel an Minister, a treaty was agreed upon, agree ing to submit the case to arbitration. Si Edmund Munson, British Minister at Copen hagen, now transferred to Athens, chosen as the arbitrator. The lawyers mitted their testimony on the part of the United States several days ago, and have just received a cable message from Sir Edmund, stating that the Danish Govern-ment has filed its side of the case. A short period is allowed for the submission of written arguments, and then the claim wil finally be decided. The junior member o the firm mentioned is preparing the argu-ment, and will probably go to Athens to

REAL SPIRIT PHOTOS.

present the matter in person.

The Verdict of a Spirit Congress That Hear of a Rare Table.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE DISPATCH, 1 PARIS, Septembes 21 .- Among the other nteresting people who have held congresses here during recent days are the Spiritualists. M. Lermina, their presiding officer. being questioned about the photographs of spirits, said he didn't think that the photos were produced by trickery; he believed that the so-called spirits that appeared in the photos were emanations of the mind of the mediums, which, he said, never contained anything beyond what was in the though or knowledge of the persons present when

Mr. Everitt, a London Spiritualist, told of a curious phenomenon that he had witnessed at a scance. The surface of a table rose up in the shape of a cone, from which flames broke forth, to the great terror of the ladies present, and then the table returned to its proper shape. Neither he nor his friends could explain this phenomenon, and the spirits who were present couldn't help

them.

M. W. Bitrieke, a Dutch member, who spoke in English, laid great stress upon the harm done to the cause of Spiritualism by mercenary mediums, who "bartered away the gifts of God for gold." As a rule they was in communication only with the worst were in communication only with the worst class of spirits, and they were the curse of Spiritualism. A movement was now on foot among the Spiritualists of America to stamp out the practice of paying mediums

READY FOR THE CONFERENCE.

The Foreign Delegates Are Nearly All the National Capital.

WASHINGTON, September 29 .- Most the foreign delegates to the International American Congress have reached Washing-ton, and will have an informal conference with the delegates on the part of the United States at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning, for the purpose of talking over the order of business before the formal organization Wednesday. At 11 o'clock on Wednesday the delegates on the part of the United States will have a conference with the Secretary of State and receive his instructions.

Many telegrams have been received from Many telegrams have been received from Many telegrams have been received from various cities throughout the country which are not included in the programme of the excursion tendered the foreign delegates, but to all of them the same reply has been sent. It is impossible at this late hour to make any change in the route, as every day is occupied, and the arrangements for the entertainment of the guests have been completed in nearly every city to be verified. Mr. Blaine should not be allowed to have her child. Mrs. Blaine was reported to be pleted in nearly every city to be visited.

> A Pennsylvanian Dies in Cole PURBLO, COL., September 29.-R. G. Ford, General Manager of the Colorad. Coal and Iron Company, died suddenly this morning of heart disease. Mr. Ford came from Altoona, Pa., only a month ago to take from Altoona, Pa., only a month ago to take charge of the company's affairs here. The remains will be taken East.

Then Tries to Break the Barga Captured by Her Friends and

Captured by Her Friends and
Forced to Wed.

New York, September 29.—A strange story was told at police headquarters tonight by two men about a young man, a friend of theirs named David Kirchneroff, being forced into a marriage with a Russian girl, against his will. While the two men were looking for redress at headquarters the mauriage ceremony was being performed in the Golden Star Hall, 92 Hester street.

the bill and, it is said, gave him half of the money. The couple were made acquainted, but soon the bridegoom that was to be, manifested a coolness toward his fiancee. He made up his mind to leave the city, and tried to carry out the design on Saturday last. He went down Grand street toward the ferry, but was followed by Aronsen and the "Chadchin," who captured him on a Williamsburg ferry boat and brought him back:

back.

He was taken to a house in Christie street and kept there till this afternoon under a guard of six men. To-night he was compelled to walk to the Golden Star Hall, don a wedding suit and go through his part of the ceremony. Rabbi David Falk, of 65 Canal street, officiated. It is not yet known what steps will be taken in the matter.

THE STORIES DO NOT AGREE.

of the British Syndicate. MINNEAPOLIS, September 29.-C. A. Pillsbury was seen last night regarding the report that British capitalists, acting through an agent in Chicago, had purchased the Pillsbury mills here. He declared that he had never heard of Mr. Meyer, the alleged Chicago agent, and that there was nothing in the story. The mills would, of course, be sold provided he could get his

price.
"My private opinion," he added, "is that the Vandusen elevators are sold, to whom I don't know. I know there was an option on the Washburn mills, but I think it would take a good deal more money to get them now. Mr. Meyer may represent parties who have money enough to carry the deal through. All I can say is that the Pillsbury mills are not sold." not sold."

S. D. Cargill, of the Cargill system of elevators, refuses to speak or be seen. Charles M. Harrington, the local manager of the Vandusen and Star elevator systems, denied that there was any truth in the report of the sale of the Vandusen and Star

NEW YORK'S PIRST CHOICE.

Favored for Speaker, With Chance on First Ballot. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH, WASHINGTON, September 29.—John M. Farquhar, Congressman from Buffalo, arrived to-day. He says that all but two of the 21 Republican members from New York State had made up their minds, as early as Congressman Belden's dinner at the Arlington last spring, that they were in favor of Reed for Speaker, and would fight for him to the end. Major Farquhar also religiously the state in rebuttal. He cestified that the much perforated shull will ken from a body in the New York more used that the foot of Earl Talenty and the New York delegation will be bound to an June. With a small kuife he penetrated New York delegation ironclad arrangement ironclad arrangement

Convention, and they were all determined to stand to their original purpose. He would not be surprised, indeed, to see Reed nominated on the first ballot. The New York delegation will meet late in October and organize minutely in behalf of the

Major Farquhar says that he will embrace the first opportunity of the season to intro-duce his bill to provide subsidies for the American merchant marine.

dans.

The district burned is in the business por tion, and among the buildings burned are the Bowes block, First National Bank, Hennessey's drygoods store, Babcock's hat store, the Bernard block, Gamie's shoe-store. Several smaller establishments were

also burned. WARNED BY A GHOST. A Virginia Negro Shot Shortly After Seeing

MPRCIAL TELECHAN TO THE DISPATCH. ALLEGHANY STATION, VA., Septer ber 29.—A month ago Dick Winston, trace walker on the Chesapeake and Obio Rail-road, was assassinated by another negro, who claimed that he had con-jured a member of his family. Joe Rose succeeded him. No sooner had Joe entered upon his duties than he claimed Joe entered upon his duties than he claimed to see the spirit of the dead Winston.

Saturday night at the station he accidentally brushed against a mulatto boy, who shot Rose dead. The negroes connect the visitation and ghostly appearances with this fatality, considering them to have been warnings to Rose of his approaching death.

HE IS INNOCENT RUT ...

The Result of an Investigation Into an Insane Asylum Management. Sr. PAUL, September 29.—The report of

At the conclusion of the reading of the committee's report, and after he had been fully exonerated, Dr. Bowers tendered his resignation as superintendent, and it was accepted.

NO MURDER IN IT. A Dead Woman's Features Show She Had Lost Her Reason.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, September 29 .- Deputy Coroner Conway to-day held an autopsy on the body of Miss Anna Lorenza Shaw, who was a daughter of

the body of Miss Anna Lorenza Shaw, who was a daughter of Mrs. Louise Shaw, who died last Thursday, at her mother's house. E. L. Irion, Mrs. Shaw's son-in-law, had told the Coroner that he suspected that Miss Shaw's death was due to ill-treatment received from Dr. F. F. Marsachai, her stepfather.

Dr. Conway decided that the young lady died from airophy of the heart, brought on by cedema of the lungs. Dr. Conway said that Miss Shaw's face, as she ky in death, showed that she had lost her reason.

AN UNWILLING GROOM.

Singular Experiments Being Made in a Hartford Murder Trial.

OCTORS DECIDEDLY DISAGRES

SABBING A SKULL

THREE CENTS

As to Whether a Young Man's Brain Pan Can be Punctured or Mat

BY THE BLOW OF A DOLLAR KNIPE.

New York Morgues Furnishing All the Recember Ma-

The guilt or insocence of a man on trial in Hartford for murder is possibly to be es-tablished by experiments made in stabling a human skull. Dectors in their testimony directly contradict each other on the re-

HARTFORD, CONN., September 20 .- The New York morgue has so far been able to supply the demand for human skulls at the Souder marder trial in the Superior Court. Queer errands some people have when it go to New York, but those of the Hart doctors in the Souder case are the quee that have cropped out in Connecticute lat The "fifth skull exhibit" in the Sou

case was passed about the courtre day. It had just come from New York, and the paper wrappings were inturcied with blood. None of the jury cared to handle the ghastly thing.

William J. Souder, the prisoner in the present case, is being tried for the murder of John Galvin. Both were young men. Galvin's skull was punctured with a knife and the State's Attorney has employed Dr. A. G. Cook to experiment in STABBING HUMAN SKULLS

with knives, to prove that Galvin's des could have been caused in the manner al-leged. The defense pitted Dr. J. E. Boot against Dr. Cook. He was sent to New York on the spur of the moment to find a skull that couldn't be stabbed through, and he hurried back to controvert Dr. Cook's It was Dr. Root who handed in the baskull on Friday. He testified that he gone to New York on Wednesday more and about 8 o'clock had experimented body at the Bellevue Hospital most The subject was a young man about 8 o'clock had experimented body at the Bellevue Hospital most heart was a young man about the subject was a young was a young

The subject was a young man, about I years old. The dector was unable to puncture the skull by striking it with knife. He struck it 20 times. The skul was here handed over to the jury, who in stinctively shrunk back in their scale and refused to touch it.

"Skull exhibit No. 8" was then placed before the witness, who was asked how that was punctured, when followed

ANOTHER SKULL FULL OF HOLES

up to the hilt.

Dr. Cook, upon cross examination, told of another and an earlier experiment upon a skull in a hospital in New York. In the two or three blows with the knife penetrated the skull. Others did not. This skull was not shown to the jury, only

the knife had penetrated. The knife used was one of ordinary weight, such as might be bought for a dollar. About the end of last February, Dr. Cook said, he had made A SERIOUS CONFLAGRATION.

One of Montana's Cities Visited by a Million

Dollar Blaze.

Butte City, Mont, September 29.—
Fire this afternoon destroyed an entire block in the business part of the city. A strong wind prevailed during the fire, and for a time it was feared a disastrous confagration could not be prevented. It was brought under control with a loss of about \$1,000,000. The fire started at noon, and a violent wind fanned the flames into fury, while are insufficient supply of water prevented effective fighting against the flames.

The district hurnad is in the husiness are series and the New York morgue, to see how easily a knife could be made to penetrate it. Dr. Plymptoo, of New York, was present, and no one disa. The subject of the experiment was an old man. Three or four ordinary knives were employed. Two of them went through the skull. These were thrown into the East river. The witness giruck perhaps five blows, altogether, that penetrated the skull. This skull has not yet been offered in evidence. The experiment made by the witness last. June was again taken up, and Dr. Cock admitted to Lawyer Cole, who was cross-configuration to a district to a skull at the New York morgue, to see how easily a knife could be made to penetrate it. Dr. Plymptoo, of New York, was present, and no one disa. The subject of the appearance of the subject of t

FIXED IN POSITION to prevent them from closing up and cutting the hand. Of this point in favor of his client, Mr. Cole made as much as possible. The witness had saved a piece of the skull because the cut and fissures resembled those in the skull of Galvin. In concluding his testimony, Dr. Cook said that his second experiment was made solely for "his own pleasure." The State's attorney knew nothing of it until the result was announced to him.

Dr. L. O. Plympton, of the Charity Ho pital, Blackwell's Island, told of takin part in two of Dr. Cook's skull-stabbing or part in two of Dr. Cook's skull-stabbing ex-periments at the morgne.

Dr. Francis Bacon, of New Haven, was the last physican put on the stand. He told the lawyers that it was much more dif-ficult to fracture the skull of a dead person than that of a live person. He then went on to say that Galvin did not die of apoplexy, as had been asserted. His reasons for the opinion were because of the man's you and strength, and because the post-morte showed all the organs healthy.

Here the State rested. The case we given to the jury late last night.

IT IS AN ENORMOUS STEAT.

The Amount of the Louisiana Bond Fra Over a Million Bollars.

statement is now made upon what appears ST. PAUL, September 29.—The report of the Rochester asylum investigating committee was made public yesterday. Dr. Bowers is entirely exonerated from any culpable neglect in the management of the asylum, but stringent suggestions are made for the regulation of attendants, by whom 20 atrocities are proved to have been committed.

Statement is now made upon what appears to be good authority, that irregularities have been discovered in what is known as 102,000, with some alight irregularity previous to that number. Nearly all of these bonds above 102,000 are fraudulent. The State Auditor and Treasurer will previous to that number. Nearly all these bonds above 102,000 are fraudulent. The State Auditor and Treasurer wi soon take up this branch of investigation Attorney General Rogers admits that the bonds have been abstracted or otherw tampered with to the amount of \$400,0 According to Judge Rogers figures the falcation already in sight will reach me

NOT A REMARKABLE SUCCESS.

The Manufacture of Sugar From Sorghi Cane Still an Experis WASHINGTON, September 29. Secretary of Agriculture Rusk has returned to the city after an inspection of the mills for the manufacture of augar from sorghum cane by the new diffusion process. When saked the new process had proved a success, Seare tary Rusk replied:

NEW ORLEANS, September 29 .- The

I cannot say that it has as yet. The Go ment chemists stationed at the miles work to find ways of improving on the re which we now get, but unless that can be i am very doubtful about the profit of me